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died of yellow fever en route soon after leaving Panama; one case died as vessel entered this port.

July 2, 1897; *Acapulco* held here on account of four deaths en route.

July 11, 1897, *San Juan* arrived from San Jose de Guatemala (about fifteen days); one case upon arrival; no history of other cases. *City of Sydney* also arrived from Panama with history of one case while in Panama. No other case reported, nor history of disinfection.

Each of these vessels had heavy passenger lists.

June, 1898, steamship *Newport* arrived from Panama; one case of yellow fever, an Englishman, cabin passenger, who died as the vessel entered the harbor. No history of other cases.

May 20, 1902, *City of Para* arrived from Panama and remanded for disinfection. Three days out the freight clerk (who had been ashore) had an attack, and died May 2. No other cases reported, and careful search by me failed to show any mosquitoes.

September 10, 1903, the case first reported.

Respectfully,

HUGH S. CUMMING,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, in Command.

Inspection service, Mexican border.

El Paso, Tex.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports, September 19, 1903, as follows:

WEEK ENDED SEPTEMBER 19, 1903.

Inspection Mexican Central passengers	237
Inspection Rio Grande and Pacific passengers	27
Inspection Mexican immigrants	107
Inspection of certificate, cause of death, corpse transferred into United States ..	1
Inspection special passengers from Monterey, Mexico	4
Disinfection soiled linen imported for laundry, pieces	519
Vaccination	10

Disinfection of 3 trunks and sundry baggage, passengers from Monterey.

Detention of 4 passengers from Monterey, Mexico, to complete requisite time (four days).

LAREDO, TEX.

Assistant Surgeon Richardson ordered to return to Laredo.

WASHINGTON, September 16, 1903.

RICHARDSON, U. S. Consulate, Tampico, Mexico:

Orders amended. Return direct via Laredo. On arrival Laredo, inspect service quarantine there and wire any necessary recommendations. If too ill, wire from Laredo and go on.

WYMAN.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf ordered to Laredo.

WASHINGTON, September 16, 1903.

VON EZDORF, Matanzas, Cuba:

Relieved Matanzas. Proceed by first steamer to New Orleans. Wire arrival. Instructions will be sent you then to proceed to Laredo

for protection against yellow fever. Nunez, Cienfuegos, ordered to relieve you.

WYMAN.

Acting assistant surgeons at Laredo and Eagle Pass to cooperate with State health officer.

WASHINGTON, September 17, 1903.

State Health Officer TABOR, *Austin, Tex.:*

Have instructed Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton, Laredo, and also Hume, Eagle Pass, to cooperate with you and to wire Bureau promptly requisitions for equipment needed or additional help.

WYMAN.

Mosquito netting for use at Eagle Pass and Laredo.

WASHINGTON, September 17, 1903.

WERTENBAKER, *Marine Hospital, New Orleans, La.:*

Ship 50 mosquito bars from Camp Hutton to Hume, Eagle Pass, Tex. All articles sent to Laredo and Eagle Pass should be in serviceable condition.

WYMAN.

Guards for Webb and Zapata counties.

WASHINGTON, September 17, 1903.

HAMILTON, *Laredo, Tex.:*

Submit nomination by wire and immediately place on duty 6 mounted guards Zapata County and 12 additional mounted guards Webb County. * * *

WYMAN.

Camp equipment for Eagle Pass.

WASHINGTON, September 21, 1903.

WERTENBAKER, *Marine Hospital, New Orleans, La.:*

Ship to Hume, Eagle Pass, Tex., from Camp Hutton, by fast freight, 12 tents, 12 by 14, complete, with flies, floors, frames, poles, and pins; 50 camp stools; 2 Buzzacott ovens; cots, mattresses, and pillows, 50 each; pillowcases and sheets, 200 each; 50 additional mosquito bars, and 50 blankets.

WYMAN.

Suspect yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.

LAREDO, TEX., September 22, 1903.

WYMAN, *Washington:*

Two cases suspected yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.; personally examined one; found suspicious history, jaundice, vomiting; urine contains albumin; has been sick three days; information given the State health